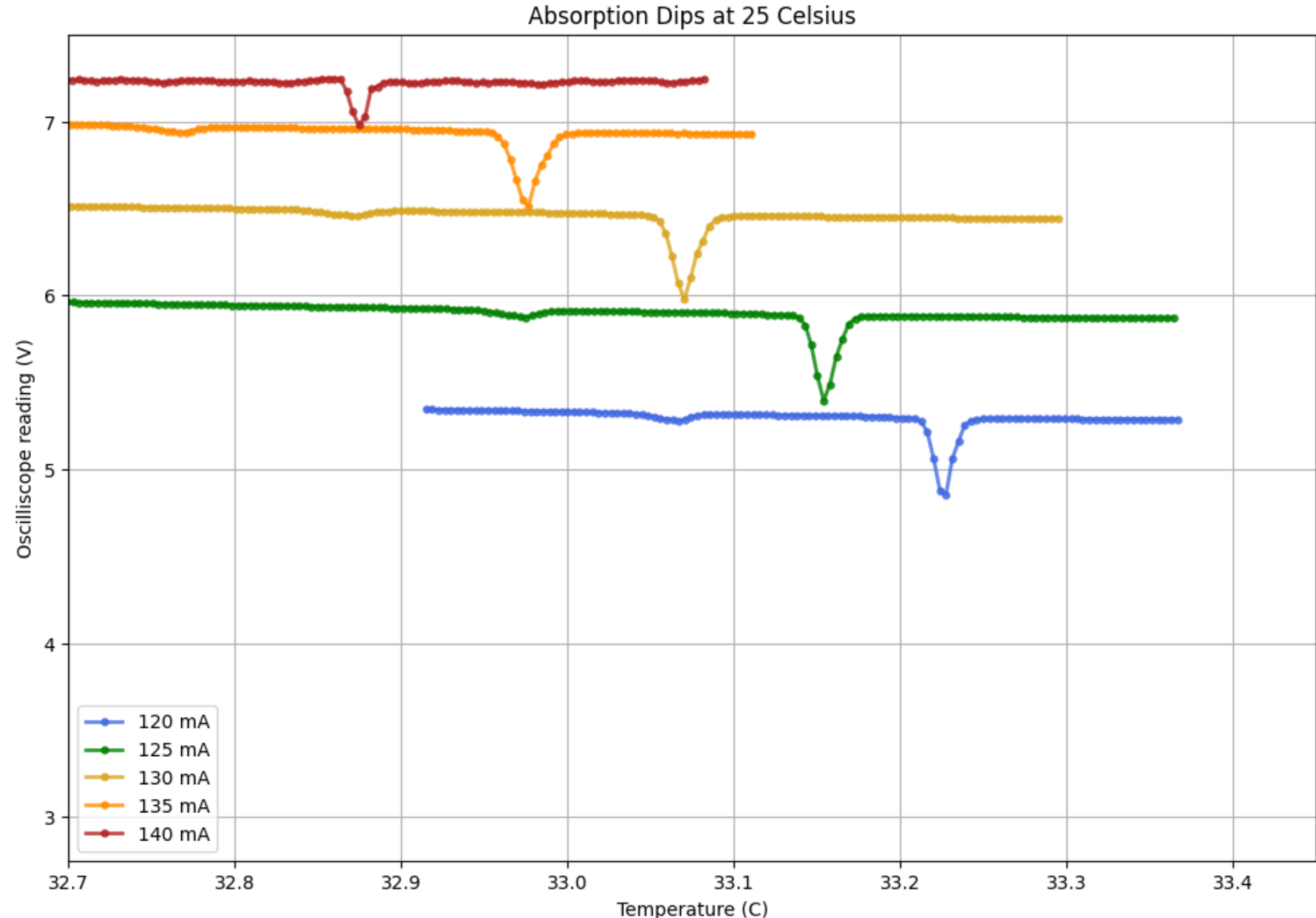
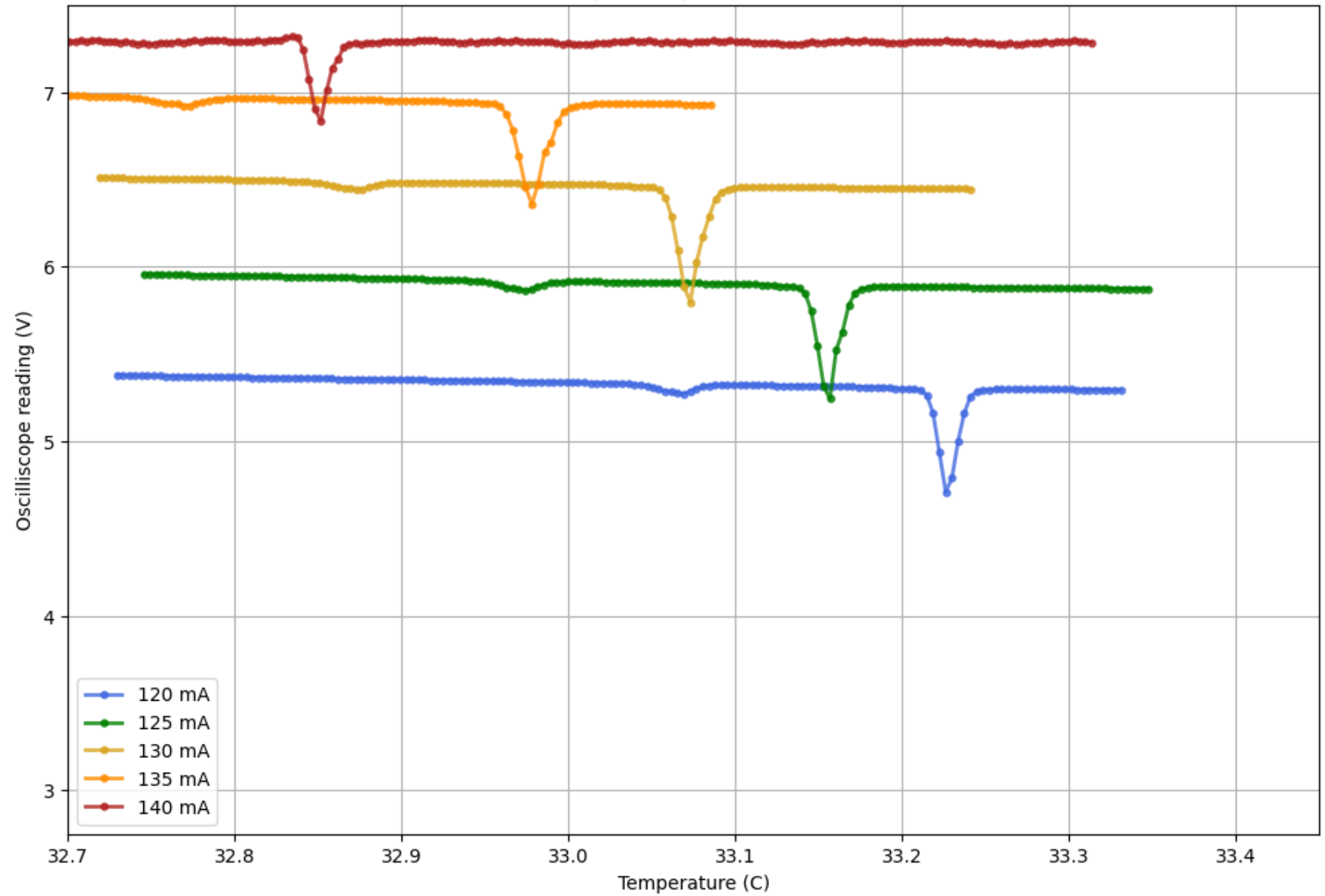


Increasing laser current or laser temperature increases laser wavelength. The dip moves towards lower temperatures as you increase the current, “offsetting” the wavelength dependency just described.

Potential coupling between laser current and laser temperature: at a high enough current, temperature of the laser can increase.



Absorption Dips at 30 Celsius



Absorption Dips at 40 Celsius

